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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/790,968	03/02/2004	David L. Kaminsky	RSW920040009US1	2144
A. Bruce Clay	7590 01/31/2007	EXAMINER		
IBM Corporati		MANOHARAN, MUTHUSWAMY GANAPATHY		
T81/503 3039 Cornwall	is Road	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Research Trian	igle Park, NC 27709	2617		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	Y MODE
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summers		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/790,968	KAMINSKY ET AL				
Office Action Summary			Examiner	Art Unit			
			Muthuswamy G. Manoharan	2617			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	cation appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MA nsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu- to period for reply is specified above, the maximum state are to reply within the set or extended period for reply we reply received by the Office later than three months afted patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DA of 37 CFR 1.136 unication. cutory period wi vill, by statute, of	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin Il apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	1 on <i>08 No</i>	vemher 2006				
·	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
′	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٠,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dionociti	ion of Claims	-					
· · ·							
•	Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or	election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.	·				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
	, Inder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
_	•						
_	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)[a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
	•			·			
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) 🔯 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT		Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate			
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or F r No(s)/Mail Date	PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ratent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erb (US 2004/0142703) in view of Hoshino (US 6285891).

Regarding **claim 1**, Erb teaches an apparatus comprising: a storage readable medium; wherein the storage medium comprises instructions for a processor to perform steps comprising: detecting an incoming telephone call (Abstract, line 2);

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determining a plurality of conditions associated with a telephone (items 102 and 106 in Figure 7; Paragraph [0032-0033]);

comparing the conditions to a plurality of policies (Figure 4), each policy comprising a plurality of condition criteria and a telephone behavior instruction (Abstract, lines 1-9);

identifying a single policy within the policies, the single policy containing the condition criteria corresponding to the conditions (Paragraph [0009], lines 1-14); and adjusting a telephone behavior according to the telephone behavior instruction for the single policy (paragraph [0035], lines 5-10).

Erb did not teach specifically, wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors. However, Hoshino teaches in an analogous art, wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors (Abstract, Col. 2, lines 19-27). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use the processor wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors. This modification provides additional operating characteristics (notifying method) to the apparatus that can be suitable for a user's environment.

Regarding **claim 2**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 1 wherein the policies further comprises: a policy priority number and wherein the policy priority number

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resolves any outcome conflicts between the policies ("importance Threshold", Figure 4).

Regarding **claim 3**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 1 wherein the policies are stored in a policy table according to the policy priority number (Figure 4; Paragraph [0033], lines 1-3).

Regarding **claim 4**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 1 further comprising: the telephone; and wherein the storage medium is a memory within the telephone (Paragraph [0033], line 3).

Regarding **claim 5**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 5 wherein the steps further comprises: allowing a user to define the policies using a policy creation program (Paragraph [0031], line 1; Paragraph [0038], lines 1-2).

Regarding **claim 6**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 1 wherein one of the condition criteria is a location criterion; and wherein the location of the telephone is determined using a GPS network (Paragraph [0037], lines 7-8).

Regarding **claim 7**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein one of the condition criteria is a location criterion; and wherein the location of the telephone is determined using triangulation (Paragraph [0010], lines 10-12).

Regarding **claim 8**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein one of the condition criteria is a context criterion (Paragraph [0040], lines 3-5) and wherein the context is determined by accessing a PDA program stored on the telephone ("calendar tool", Paragraph [0040]).

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Regarding **claim 9**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein one of the condition criteria is a caller criterion; and wherein the caller identity is determined by analyzing the caller ID data associated with the incoming telephone call (Paragraph [0032], lines 3-7).

Regarding **claim 10**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein one of the condition criteria is a caller criterion (Paragraph [0032], lines 4-6); and wherein the caller identity is determined by analyzing the caller ID data associated with the incoming telephone call (Paragraph [0032], lines 4-5) and accessing a PDA program stored on the telephone (paragraph [0032], line 7).

Regarding **claim 11**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a location criterion and a context criterion (Paragraph [0040], lines 1-9).

Regarding **claim 12**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a location criterion and a caller criterion (Figure 7; Figure 4; Paragraphs [31-33]).

Regarding **claim 13**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a context criterion (Paragraph [0040], lines 1-5). Erb also teaches a caller criterion (Paragraph [0032]). He also teaches condition criteria involving more than one criterion (context and location, Paragraph [0040]; caller and location, Paragraphs [31-33]). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the condition wherein the condition criteria comprise context criterion, and a caller criterion. This modification gives additional flexibility to the user of the telephone.

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Regarding **claim 14**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a location criterion, and a caller criterion (Paragraph [0031-0033]). Erb did not teach specifically the condition criteria comprise a location criterion, a context criterion, and a caller criterion. However, Erb teaches in another embodiment, the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a location criterion, and a context criterion (Paragraph [0040], lines 1-9). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use the condition criteria comprise a location criterion, a context criterion, and a caller criterion. This modification gives additional flexibility to the user of the telephone.

Regarding **claim 15**, Erb teaches a method comprising: installing a telephone control program on a storage medium (Paragraph [0031], lines 1-2). The other limitations of the Claim 15 are rejected for the same reasons as set forth in the claim 1.

Claim 16 is rejected for the same reasons as set forth in the claim 2.

Regarding **claim 17**, Erb teaches the method of claim 15 wherein the policies further comprises: a policy priority number ("importance threshold", Figure 4); and wherein the policies are stored in a policy table according to the policy priority number (Figure 4; Paragraph [0033], lines 1-3).

Claims 18-28 are rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claims 4-14, respectively.

Regarding **claim 29**, Erb teaches an apparatus comprising: means for detecting an incoming telephone call (Abstract, line 2); means for determining a plurality of conditions associated with a telephone (items 102 and 106 in Figure 7; Paragraph

[0032-0033]); means for comparing the conditions to a plurality of policies (Figure 4), each policy comprising a plurality of condition criteria and a telephone behavior instruction (Abstract, lines 1-9); means for identifying a single policy within the policies, the single policy containing the condition criteria corresponding to the conditions (Paragraph [0009], lines 1-14); means for adjusting a telephone behavior according to the telephone behavior instruction for the single policy (paragraph [0035], lines 5-10); wherein the policy priority number resolves any outcome conflicts between the policies ("importance Threshold", Figure 4); wherein the policies are stored in a policy table according to the policy priority number (Figure 4; Paragraph [0033], lines 1-3); means for allowing a user to define the policies using a policy creation program (Paragraph [0031], line 1; Paragraph [0038], lines 1-2); and wherein the storage medium is a memory within the telephone (Paragraph [0033], line 3).

Erb did not teach specifically, wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors. However, Hoshino teaches in an analogous art, wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors (Abstract, Col. 2, lines 19-27). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use the processor wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of

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telephone behaviors. This modification provides additional operating characteristics to the apparatus that can be suitable for a user's environment.

Regarding **claim 30**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the location of the telephone is determined using a GPS network (Paragraph [0037], lines 7-8).

Regarding **claim 31**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the location of the telephone is determined using triangulation (Paragraph [0010], lines 10-12).

Regarding **claim 32**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the context is determined by accessing a PDA program stored on the telephone ("calendar tool", Paragraph [0040]).

Regarding **claim 33**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the caller identity is determined by analyzing the caller ID data associated with the incoming telephone call (Paragraph [0032], lines 3-7).

Regarding **claim 34**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the caller identity is determined by analyzing the caller ID data associated with the incoming telephone call (Paragraph [0040], lines 3-5) and accessing a PDA program stored on the telephone (paragraph [0032], line 7).

Claims 1-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erb (US 2004/0142703) in view of Nishimura (US 7024229).

Regarding claim 1, Erb teaches an apparatus comprising: a storage readable medium; wherein the storage medium comprises instructions for a processor to perform steps comprising: detecting an incoming telephone call (Abstract, line 2);

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determining a plurality of conditions associated with a telephone (items 102 and 106 in Figure 7; Paragraph [0032-0033]);

comparing the conditions to a plurality of policies (Figure 4), each policy comprising a plurality of condition criteria and a telephone behavior instruction (Abstract, lines 1-9);

identifying a single policy within the policies, the single policy containing the condition criteria corresponding to the conditions (Paragraph [0009], lines 1-14); and adjusting a telephone behavior according to the telephone behavior instruction for the single policy (paragraph [0035], lines 5-10).

Erb did not teach specifically, wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors. However, Nishimura teaches in an analogous art, wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors (Abstract, Figure 1). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use the processor wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors. This modification provides additional operating characteristics (notifying method) to the apparatus that can be suitable for a user's environment.

Regarding claim 2, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 1 wherein the policies further comprises: a policy priority number and wherein the policy priority number

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resolves any outcome conflicts between the policies ("importance Threshold", Figure 4).

Regarding **claim 3**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 1 wherein the policies are stored in a policy table according to the policy priority number (Figure 4; Paragraph [0033], lines 1-3).

Regarding **claim 4**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 1 further comprising: the telephone; and wherein the storage medium is a memory within the telephone (Paragraph [0033], line 3).

Regarding **claim 5**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 5 wherein the steps further comprises: allowing a user to define the policies using a policy creation program (Paragraph [0031], line 1; Paragraph [0038], lines 1-2).

Regarding **claim 6**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 1 wherein one of the condition criteria is a location criterion; and wherein the location of the telephone is determined using a GPS network (Paragraph [0037], lines 7-8).

Regarding **claim 7**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein one of the condition criteria is a location criterion; and wherein the location of the telephone is determined using triangulation (Paragraph [0010], lines 10-12).

Regarding **claim 8**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein one of the condition criteria is a context criterion (Paragraph [0040], lines 3-5) and wherein the context is determined by accessing a PDA program stored on the telephone ("calendar tool", Paragraph [0040]).

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Regarding **claim 9**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein one of the condition criteria is a caller criterion; and wherein the caller identity is determined by analyzing the caller ID data associated with the incoming telephone call (Paragraph [0032], lines 3-7).

Regarding **claim 10**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein one of the condition criteria is a caller criterion (Paragraph [0032], lines 4-6); and wherein the caller identity is determined by analyzing the caller ID data associated with the incoming telephone call (Paragraph [0032], lines 4-5) and accessing a PDA program stored on the telephone (paragraph [0032], line 7).

Regarding **claim 11**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a location criterion and a context criterion (Paragraph [0040], lines 1-9).

Regarding **claim 12**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a location criterion and a caller criterion (Figure 7; Figure 4; Paragraphs [31-33]).

Regarding **claim 13**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a context criterion (Paragraph [0040], lines 1-5). Erb also teaches a caller criterion (Paragraph [0032]). He also teaches condition criteria involving more than one criterion (context and location, Paragraph [0040]; caller and location, Paragraphs [31-33]). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the condition wherein the condition criteria comprise context criterion, and a caller criterion. This modification gives additional flexibility to the user of the telephone.

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Regarding **claim 14**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a location criterion, and a caller criterion (Paragraph [0031-0033]). Erb did not teach specifically the condition criteria comprise a location criterion, a context criterion, and a caller criterion. However, Erb teaches in another embodiment, the apparatus of claim 6 wherein the condition criteria comprise a location criterion, and a context criterion (Paragraph [0040], lines 1-9). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use the condition criteria comprise a location criterion, a context criterion, and a caller criterion. This modification gives additional flexibility to the user of the telephone.

Regarding **claim 15**, Erb teaches a method comprising: installing a telephone control program on a storage medium (Paragraph [0031], lines 1-2). The other limitations of the Claim 15 are rejected for the same reasons as set forth in the claim 1.

Claim 16 is rejected for the same reasons as set forth in the claim 2.

Regarding **claim 17**, Erb teaches the method of claim 15 wherein the policies further comprises: a policy priority number ("importance threshold", Figure 4); and wherein the policies are stored in a policy table according to the policy priority number (Figure 4; Paragraph [0033], lines 1-3).

Claims 18-28 are rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claims 4-14, respectively.

Regarding **claim 29**, Erb teaches an apparatus comprising: means for detecting an incoming telephone call (Abstract, line 2); means for determining a plurality of conditions associated with a telephone (items 102 and 106 in Figure 7; Paragraph

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[0032-0033]); means for comparing the conditions to a plurality of policies (Figure 4), each policy comprising a plurality of condition criteria and a telephone behavior instruction (Abstract, lines 1-9); means for identifying a single policy within the policies, the single policy containing the condition criteria corresponding to the conditions (Paragraph [0009], lines 1-14); means for adjusting a telephone behavior according to the telephone behavior instruction for the single policy (paragraph [0035], lines 5-10); wherein the policy priority number resolves any outcome conflicts between the policies ("importance Threshold", Figure 4); wherein the policies are stored in a policy table according to the policy priority number (Figure 4; Paragraph [0033], lines 1-3); means for allowing a user to define the policies using a policy creation program (Paragraph [0031], line 1; Paragraph [0038], lines 1-2); and wherein the storage medium is a memory within the telephone (Paragraph [0033], line 3).

Erb did not teach specifically, wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors. However, Nishimura teaches in an analogous art, wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone behaviors (Abstract, Figure 1). Therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use the processor wherein the telephone behavior is an action that the telephone takes in response to the reception of the incoming calls; and wherein the action comprises a plurality of telephone

behaviors. This modification provides additional operating characteristics (notifying method) to the apparatus that can be suitable for a user's environment.

Regarding **claim 30**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the location of the telephone is determined using a GPS network (Paragraph [0037], lines 7-8).

Regarding **claim 31**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the location of the telephone is determined using triangulation (Paragraph [0010], lines 10-12).

Regarding **claim 32**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the context is determined by accessing a PDA program stored on the telephone ("calendar tool", Paragraph [0040]).

Regarding **claim 33**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the caller identity is determined by analyzing the caller ID data associated with the incoming telephone call (Paragraph [0032], lines 3-7).

Regarding **claim 34**, Erb teaches the apparatus of claim 29 wherein the caller identity is determined by analyzing the caller ID data associated with the incoming telephone call (Paragraph [0040], lines 3-5) and accessing a PDA program stored on the telephone (paragraph [0032], line 7).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-34 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Muthuswamy G. Manoharan whose telephone number is 571-272-5515. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00AM-2:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eng George can be reached on 571-272-7495. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

GEORGE ENG
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER